

METAL PRICES

NEW YORK, July 28.—Silver, 78½ cents. Lead, \$10.625. Spelter, \$9.375. @8.625. Copper, \$29, \$30, \$26@28.50.

The Ogden Standard

FEARLESS, INDEPENDENT, PROGRESSIVE NEWSPAPER

Forty-second Year—No. 180.

Price Five Cents.

OGDEN CITY, UTAH, SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 28, 1917.

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Postoffice, Ogden, Utah

4 P. M. CITY EDITION
TWENTY-SIX PAGES

UTAH—Tonight, Sunday and Monday generally fair; not much change in temperature.

GERMAN AIRPLANES RAID PARIS

Drum-Fire of the Greatest Intensity Is Raging in Flanders Section

AUSTRO-GERMAN MARCH THROUGH EASTERN GALICIA IS GOING ON WITHOUT CHECK BY RUSSIANS

Slav Forces Given No Time to Halt—Crown Prince eMets Complete Check on Aisne Front—British Report Heavy German Offensive on Belgian Border.

BERLIN, July 28.—German airplanes last night dropped bombs on the Rystins and military establishments in Paris. The official statement announcing the raid on the French capital says that all the German airmen returned.

Paris has been free from German air raids since January, 1916. On the 29th of that month the capital was visited by Zeppelins, which dropped about a dozen bombs, killing twenty-four persons and injuring twenty-seven. The raid at that time lasted one minute and a half.

BERLIN, July 28.—Drum-fire of the greatest intensity began in Flanders this morning, says the official statement issued today by the German general staff.

PETROGRAD, July 28.—On the battle front in Galicia where the Teutons have been on the offensive nothing of material importance occurred yesterday, according to the official announcement today. In the Carpathians the Teutons attacked to the east of Kirilbaba and pressed back the Russian detachment.

The Austro-German march through Eastern Galicia and toward the Bukovina border is going on unchecked, so far as latest reports indicate. Apparently the Teutonic troops plan to give the Russian forces no time to halt and rest.

In the west the Crown Prince is the aggressive force at present, as he has been for some time past, but his liberal sacrifice of troops is not gaining him any ground of consequence. Last night he met with a complete check in a renewal of his offensive on the Aisne front.

The British report a heavy fire from the German guns on the front from near the Belgian border to the coast. Evidences accumulate that the Germans are preparing to resist a British attack.

WAR SITUATION ON WEST FRONT

Competent Authorities Regard Prospects Enormously Better Than Year Ago.

U. S. PROVES GREAT AID
British Army in France Delivering Powerful Blows Which Can Be Maintained Indefinitely.

PARIS, July 28.—The military situation of the entente allies on the western front at the end of the third year of the war is regarded by competent authorities here as actually better than it was a year ago and enormously better prospectively by reason of the intervention of the United States.

The big change in the relative position of the allies was brought about by the evacuation of part of France by the Germans. This retirement, which was announced in Germany as a strategic retirement, made with the object of gaining a superior fighting position, has turned out to have been simply a retreat so that the German lines might be shortened and held by fewer divisions.

Wherever the lines have moved on the west they have moved toward Germany. The allies measure their success, not by the ground gained, but by the fact that the Germans have had to endure shock after shock and in doing so have lost.

The German reserves in the belief of French authorities have diminished during the year by about 1,200,000, or at an average rate of 100,000 a month. The situation on the Russian front is a cause of deep concern, but it is not regarded here as possible for Germany to spare many more troops from the eastern front for action on the western front than already have been brought up; hence it is believed here that under the worst possible circumstances the fighting power of Germany cannot be greatly increased on this front.

France and Great Britain count upon the American army to be in operation under more favorable circumstances than in any spring since the war began. The British army in France is delivering powerful blows which can be maintained indefinitely.

One rich lawyer is a monument to many fools and obstinate men.

MORE AMERICANS LAND IN FRANCE

Another Troop Contingent Arrives Safely and Disembarks—Quickly Entrain.

Kermit Roosevelt, Wife and Child Arrive on Same Steamer With Soldiers.

AN EUROPEAN PORT, July 28.—Another American contingent has safely arrived and disembarked. The American troops arrived by the same steamer whereon Kermit Roosevelt and his wife and child travelled. When tenders went alongside the vessel Friday the men were in high spirits and frequently shouted: "Are we downhearted?" which was answered with a roaring "No," given with great enthusiasm.

Representatives of the general staff watched the disembarkation. Only a few spectators knew of the landing. They cheered and the troops cheered back. The men entrained quickly and left for their new quarters. A signal company remained at the port for some hours and these were the only representatives of the contingent seen by the public.

GREEK STEAMSHIP IS TORPEDOED; SUNK

NEW YORK, July 28.—Word that the Greek steamship Chalkydion, a vessel of 2,870 tons gross register, had been torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine, was received today. The Chalkydion left here June 28 with a cargo for Marseilles.

GUARDS PATROLLING CITY OF CHESTER

CHESTER, Pa., July 28.—Patrolled by volunteer armed guards, this city was quiet today after a renewal of race rioting yesterday and last night. The casualties now are officially placed at two white men killed and more than 100 persons injured. The disturbances, which have lasted for several days, are declared to be the direct result of labor difficulties.

GERMANS RENEW AISNE OFFENSIVE

Violent Bombardment and Series of Attacks Delivered by Crown Prince's Forces.

MEET HEAVY LOSSES

French Forces Repulse Enemy With Fierce Fire and Brilliant Fighting.

GERMANS RENEW—TOP PG ONE.—PARIS, July 28.—After a violent bombardment last night the Germans returned to the offensive on the Aisne front, delivering a series of attacks. The war office announces that the Germans were repulsed with heavy losses.

War Prisoners' Status

BERLIN, July 26, via London, July 28.—It is officially announced that the German government has been informed that no negotiations are in progress with the United States for the purpose of transferring German war prisoners from England to America.

Chancellor to Visit Vienna

BERLIN, via London, July 28.—The Tagblatt learns that Chancellor Michaelis will visit Vienna to meet Emperor Charles and make the acquaintance of Viennese governmental circles.

DRASTIC METHODS PROVE EFFECTIVE

Whole Internal Situation in Russia Is Showing Signs of Improvement.

PETROGRAD, July 28.—Premier Kerensky, referring to the situation in Russia, said: "It is a spectre of anarchy which needs to be obliterated. Stout hearts and stern hands are required to stay the rout in the army. There is plenty of good material in Russia, but it has been allowed to go to waste."

LONDON, July 28.—Dispatches from Petrograd dealing with the military and political situation concur that Petrograd itself is outwardly calmer than it has been for months, which is attributed to Premier Kerensky's strong repressive measures, including the disarming of rioters and mutineers. Among the arrested extremists is said to be Madame Koljontse.

The ministry of justice is said to have issued a statement that it has clear proof that Nikolai Lenin, the radical socialist, and two of his associates, Zinovief and Kamenoff, were concerned in a German plot against Russia. None of the correspondents, however, mentions the arrest of Lenin. The whole internal situation is said to show signs of improvement and according to the Times' Odessa correspondent it is generally recognized that the various domestic problems must now await the end of the war for solution.

On the other hand, this correspondent records the victory of the extremists in the recent re-election of the local executive of the council of workmen and soldiers' delegates. It is believed that the Germans themselves were disconcerted by the unexpected retreat of mutinous Russian troops near Tarnopol and lack sufficient forces at that point to take full advantage of the situation.

AMERICAN BARK IS SUNK BY U-BOAT

PLYMOUTH, Eng., July 28.—The American bark Carmela has been sunk by a submarine. The crew was landed in safety.

The bark Carmela, 1379 tons, was built in 1873 at Glasgow. She sailed from the United States June 29 for Havre, France, Captain John A. Johnson was in command with a crew of twenty, including six Americans, among whom was Ernest Dobert, mate, Seattle.

NORWEGIAN SHIPS ENT TO BOTTOM

LONDON, July 28.—The Norwegian steamer Thorstad, 2200 tons gross, has been sunk by a German submarine, says a Norwegian foreign office report. Twenty members of the crew were rescued.

POTATO CROP IS FALLING SHORT

Poor Seed, Scanty Fertilizing, High Prices and Diseased Plants Cause.

MUNICIPAL STORAGES

Careful Grading and Precautions to Prevent Rot With Improved Selling Methods Urged.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Warning that this year's potato crop might not reach the 452,000,000 bushel record production forecast for it because of poor seed, scanty fertilizing, because of high prices and possibility of diseased plants, was issued today by Lou D. Sweet, the Colorado potato expert.

Municipal storages in cities and towns are urged by Mr. Sweet to enable producers to sell at a figure just to themselves and to enable the buyer, particularly the poor buyer, to buy as he needs "without paying tribute to speculators or middlemen who control a certain amount of storage space."

Careful grading and precautions to prevent rot are urged and a reform in selling methods advocated by which buyers can purchase potatoes by the pound instead of by measure. "It is highly possible," said Mr. Sweet, "that the food administration will attempt to get around the problem of transportation for the crop by calling into use the established European practice of drying potatoes. Drying reduces the potato to one-fifth its original bulk, causes it to lose none of its food value, saves storage space, reduces the tax on transportation facilities and keeps well night indefinitely in common storage."

TEUTONS NEARING PRUTH PLATEAU

Have Taken Some High Positions From Still Resisting Russians in Carpathians.

BERLIN, via London, July 28.—On the front commanded by Archduke Joseph, the Austro-Germans are nearing the Pruth plateau below Kolomea, in Galicia, the war office announced today. In the wooded Carpathians the Teutons have taken some high positions from the still resisting Russians. General Boehm-Ermolli's army corps the war office reports, has crossed the Jagielnica-Horodenka-Zabolow line in southeastern Galicia.

In the upper Putna valley the southern wing of the Austro-German army has retired to the eastern slope of the Bereckel mountain before superior pressure of the Russians and Rumanians.

U-BOAT SINKS GREAT ELEVATOR

Gigantic Machinery for Montevideo, Uruguay, Waterworks, in Dutch Tug Sent Down.

AMSTERDAM, July 28.—A German submarine has sunk a gigantic elevator for the Montevideo, Uruguay, waterworks, which was being towed from Rotterdam to Montevideo by a Dutch tug, which also was sunk.

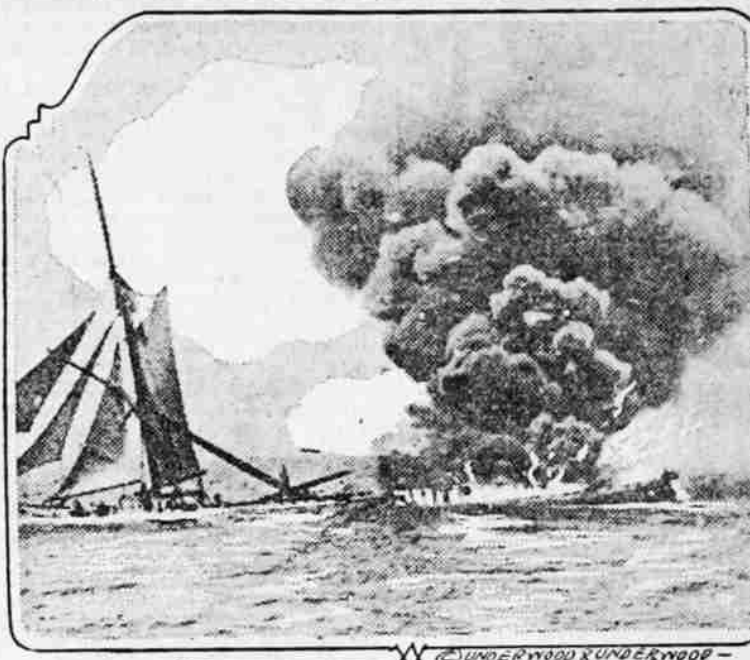
AMERICAN TROOP CHOOSE SOBRIQUET

PARIS, July 28.—The American troops in France have chosen their own sobriquet, according to the Matin today, adopting the name "Amexes." This was formed by piecing together the first two letters of the words "American expedition," in a manner similar to that adopted in forming the word "Anzac" by which the Australian and New Zealand troops in the British forces are known.

SERIOUS OUTLOOK REPORTED IN CHINA

LONDON, July 28.—The outlook in China is very serious and a complete rupture between the north and south seems inevitable, according to a dispatch from Shanghai to the Times. Dr. Sun Yat Sen, who recently was re-

TORPEDO SETS SCHOONER AFIRE AT SEA



British schooner, torpedoed by Germans, afire at sea.

This picture was taken when a British schooner, torpedoed by a German U-boat, burst into flames and slowly sank in mid-ocean. A similar scene was probably enacted when the American tank steamer Moreni engaged in a two-hour running fight with a U-boat. The Moreni battled desperately with the submarine and was only abandoned after the entire ship was ablaze and the guns out of commission.

ported to be leading the rebels near Swatow, has gone to Canton to organize a league of the southern and southwestern provinces. Proclamations refusing to recognize the government at Peking have been issued in Kwang-Tung, a southeastern province.

AGITATOR LENINE KEPT IN HIDING

PETROGRAD, July 28.—According to the Gazette, Lenin, the radical agitator, is being concealed in Kronstadt in the guise of a prisoner, by the Maximalists.

LENINE IS CENSURED

PETROGRAD, July 28.—The executive committee of the Council of Workmen and Soldiers' delegates have adopted by an overwhelming majority a resolution censuring Nikolai Lenin, the radical leader, and his associate Zinovief and demanding that the radical leaders be tried. The resolution also demanded obedience.

BRITISH RAID ENEMY TRENCHES

LONDON, July 28.—"We raided the enemy's trenches last night south of Arras," said today's official report on the Franco-Belgian operations. "A hostile attack upon our positions, east of Oosttaverne was successfully repulsed."

GERMAN WOMEN IN BATTLEFIELD

Are Fighting With Troops Against Russia—Several Have Been Captured.

PETROGRAD, Friday, July 27.—When the Russian women's battalion known officially as the "Command of Death" went into action against the Germans near Smorgon July 25 they captured a number of women from whom it was learned for the first time that German women also were fighting on the battle front in western Russia.

Wounded Women Sent Home—Ten wounded heroines of the women's battalion arrived in Petrograd today, leaving their commander, Vera Butchkareff and Myra Skrydloff, a daughter of Admiral Skrydloff, former commander of the Baltic fleet and minister of marine, in a hospital at Vittebsk.

Interviewed, the women said it was reported that of the 200 of the command who reached the front only 50 remained. Twenty were killed, eight were taken prisoner and all the rest were wounded.

"Several times," said one wounded girl, "we attacked the Germans. Especially memorable was our attack at Novospassky wood, near Smorgon, where the enemy hearing the voices of girls lost their nerve. The result was that many of them were killed, wounded or taken prisoner. Among the prisoners were a few women, from whom we learned for the first time

that German women also were fighting."

"We did not feel the slightest fear of our personal safety. Our passion was to serve the fatherland. We advanced gaily against the foe with laughter and song, our only unpleasant sentiments being when we first came to the corpses. Once, when replying to the enemy's severe rifle and machine gun fire, we discovered to our amazement that all our men comrades in the neighboring trenches had treacherously fled, leaving us a handful of women—to face the enemy alone."

RUMANIANS ARE PURSUING ENEMY

PETROGRAD, July 28.—On the Rumanian frontier Rumanian troops are continuing their pursuit of the retreating Austro-German forces in the direction of Kozzi-Vasarhely. They have occupied the heights southwest of Bereoz, taking an artillery battery and making prisoners.

In the region of Kalakul mountain on the Rumanian front the Russian troops also are advancing. They are pushing toward the Putna river and have occupied Boduple, on the left bank of that stream.

RED CROSS NEEDS MECHANICAL SQUAD

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Twenty expert truck drivers, twenty helpers and ten expert mechanics are needed immediately by the American Red Cross for service in France, according to cable advices today to the Red Cross war council. The mechanical squad will include master carpenters, body builders, painters, machinists and electricians.

The men will operate and keep in repair a number of two-ton automobile trucks used in transporting Red Cross supplies from seaports to destinations in the interior. Volunteers beyond military age are desired. All expenses will be paid but the men will be expected to work without compensation.

NATIONAL FORESTS RECEIPTS INCREASE

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Receipts from the national forests for the fiscal year just ended amounted to \$3,450,000, an increase of \$600,000 over the previous year, the forest service announced today. Operating costs were estimated at \$4,000,000, leaving a burden of only \$550,000 on the government for maintenance of the great lumber reserves during the past year. The increase is attributed chiefly to a more active timber production and higher fees charged for grazing.

STEAMSHIP IS SUNK

HALIFAX, N. S., July 28.—The steamship Heathcote, 2345 tons gross, was sunk in a collision with a Dutch steamship in the Gulf of St. Lawrence on Thursday, according to word received here today. The crew was rescued.

TETANUS GERMS FOUND

Court Plaster Found Infected on Chemical Analysis.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Court plaster, said to have been distributed by German sympathizers, has been found on chemical analysis by the department of justice to contain tetanus germs. Attorney General Gregory today warned the public to use only court plaster from reliable sources.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR COMING WEEK

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Weather predictions for the week beginning Sunday, issued by the weather bureau today, follow:

Plains states and upper and middle Mississippi valleys—Generally fair except for widely scattered thunder showers. Warm first part of week, probably seasonable temperature after Wednesday or Thursday.

Rocky mountain and plateau regions—Fair except for widely scattered thunder showers. Temperature near or below seasonal average. Pacific states—Generally fair except for occasional local showers in the north Pacific states. Temperatures near or below the seasonal average.

SOCIALISTS SEE TRYING FUTURE

Necessary to Defend Germany Against Russia, But Hope Not to Destroy Republic.

COPENHAGEN, July 28.—Philip Scheideemann, socialist member of the reichstag, gave yesterday the views of the socialists on their participation in the government. Herr Scheideemann said that if really a parliamentary government were formed with a program which the socialists could approve, they must participate and share the responsibility. If, however, members of the reichstag were only to become subordinates to under secretaries and chancellors they would not accept the invitation to participate. Herr Scheideemann said it was necessary to defend Germany against Russia as long as it was an enemy, but the socialists did not desire to see the fruit of the revolution destroyed.

He sets hopes for a speedy peace upon the Russian socialists, but not the Maximalists who transformed brother strife into their other order and involved the country and army in deep trouble. This should serve as a warning and an example to the German socialists not to follow dangerous advice from abroad to work for a revolution amidst war.

Herr Scheideemann also said that to attain peace all sides must hold fast to the agreement of the council of soldiers and workmen's delegates and the German reichstag, uninfluenced by a momentary military situation. He warned against a new attempt to offer Russia a separate peace and declared that Germany has no desire for conquest on any side and that Belgian independence would be guaranteed, as well as the integrity of France.